Name:	Block:	_ Date:

Key Characteristics of Kingdoms and Domains

Domain			Eukarya				
Kingdom	Eubacteria	Archaebacteria					
Cell Type			Eukaryote	Eukaryote	Eukaryote	Eukaryote	
Number of		Unicellular		Mostly		Multicellular	
Cells				multicellular			
Unique Cell Structures	Cell walls with peptidoglycan	Cell walls without peptidoglycan; unusual membrane lipids	If cell wall is present, contains cellulose; some have chloroplasts		Cell walls contain cellulose; contain chloroplasts		
Mode of Nutrition	Producers or consumers		Animal-like protists are consumers; plant-like protists are producers; some are both				
Mode of Reproduction			Asexual and sexual		Alternation of generations: one is sexual, the other asexual		
Other information		Mostly anaerobic, can't survive with oxygen; DNA is most similar to eukaryotes					
Examples	Streptococcus, E. coli		Amoeba, paramecia (A), Algae (P), Euglena			Sponges, worms, insects, fish, mammals	